

Board of Police Commissioners

Thursday, June 25, 2020 1:30 PM

Henry Baker Hall, Main Floor, City Hall

Henry Baker Hall is currently closed to the public to help contain the COVID-19 virus. This meeting will be streamed live on the RPS website, Regina.ca, Access 7 and when community programming permits on TV Access Channel 7.

Due to Public Health Orders for public gatherings and social distancing, delegations will be accepted by teleconference only. If you wish to appear at the meeting via teleconference, you must provide the Board Secretary with the telephone number you will be using to call in. You can do this by email to clerks@regina.ca or call 306-777-7262 no later than 12 noon Tuesday, June 23, 2020. You will receive meeting details and instructions after you have confirmed your attendance for the meeting.



OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK

Public Agenda Board of Police Commissioners Thursday, June 25, 2020

Approval of Public Agenda

Adoption of Minutes

Minutes of the meeting held on February 27, 2020

Administration Reports

PO20-11 Monthly Crime Statistics – May 2020

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

PO20-12 Use of Force Year-End 2019

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

PO20-13 2019 Community Perception Survey Results

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

Motions

P20-14	Commissioner Jada Yee: Public Complaints Commission – Civilian Oversight
P20-15	Councillor Barbara Young and Councillor Joel Murray: Community Policing and Community Safety and Well-being

Resolution for Private Session

AT REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 2020

AT A MEETING OF BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS HELD IN PUBLIC SESSION

AT 9:00 AM

These are considered a draft rendering of the official minutes. Official minutes can be obtained through the Office of the City Clerk once approved.

Present: Mayor Michael Fougere, in the Chair

Councillor Joel Murray Councillor Barbara Young Commissioner Vic Pankratz Commissioner Jada Yee

Also in Council Officer, Elaine Gohlke Attendance: Legal Counsel, Katrina Swan

Chief of Police, Evan Bray A/Deputy Chief, Darcy Koch Superintendent, Corey Zaharuk Superintendent, Lorilee Davies

Inspector, Trent Stevely

OATH OF OFFICE

It was noted that Commissioner Jada Yee had taken his oath of office in accordance with *The Police Act, 1990* and that his oath is on record.

<u>APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRPERSON</u>

The Secretary called the meeting to order and following nomination procedures for the position of Chairperson, Mayor Michael Fougere was declared Chairperson of the Board of Police Commissioners for 2020.

(Mayor Fougere took the Chair.)

<u>APPOINTMENT OF VICE-CHAIRPERSON</u>

Following nomination procedures for the position of Vice-Chairperson, Commissioner Vic Pankratz was declared Vice-Chairperson of the Board of Police Commissioners for 2020.

APPROVAL OF PUBLIC AGENDA

Commissioner Pankratz moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that the agenda for this meeting be approved, as submitted.

<u>ADMINISTRATION REPORTS</u>

PO20-10 Letters of Appreciation and Social Media Feedback

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

Bob Hughes, representing the Saskatchewan Coalition Against Racism, addressed the Commission.

Councillor Murray moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that this report be received and filed.

PO20-5 Victim Services Unit

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

Stephanie O'Soup, Coordinator for the Victim Services Unit, made a PowerPoint presentation, a copy of which is on file in the City Clerk's Office.

Commissioner Yee moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that this report be received and filed.

PO20-6 Major Crimes Unit

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

Staff Sargent Kelly Trithart made a presentation to the Board.

Commissioner Pankratz moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that this report be received and filed.

PO20-7 Monthly Crime Statistics – December 2019

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

Commissioner Yee moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that this report be received and filed.

PO20-8 Monthly Crime Statistics – January 2020

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

Commissioner Pankratz moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that this report be received and filed.

PO20-9 Year-End Crime Statistics Comparison 2010-2019

Recommendation

That this report be received and filed.

Karen Williams, Strategic Resource Officer, made a PowerPoint presentation, a copy of which is on file in the City Clerk's Office.

Councillor Young moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that this report be received and filed.

ADOPTION OF MINUTES

Commissioner Yee moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that the minutes for the meeting held on January 28, 2020 be adopted, as circulated.

RESOLUTION FOR PRIVATE SESSION

Councillor Murray moved, AND IT WAS RESOLVED, that in the interest of the public, the balance of agenda items for this meeting be considered in private session and that the Board recess for 20 minutes.

Chairperson	Secretary	
The media left.		
The media left		
The Board recessed at 9:54 a.m.		

June 25, 2020

To: Members

Board of Police Commissioners

Re: Monthly Crime Statistics – May 2020

RECOMMENDATION

That this report be received and filed.

CONCLUSION

The crime statistics for the month of May 2020 reflect a decrease in Crimes Against the Person of (-7.3%) compared to May 2019, while Crimes Against Property show a (-27.3%) decrease compared to May 2019. Crimes Against the Person and Crimes Against Property show a combined year-to-date decrease of (-23.9%).

BACKGROUND

Each month, reports providing statistics for the City of Regina are presented to the Board for their review and information. This report will provide statistics for the month of May 2020. The Communications Centre statistics are included showing the total calls for service.

DISCUSSION

Crimes Against Property reflect a decrease of [-1,613] reported incidents over 2019, for an overall year-to-date decrease of (-27.3%). We have seen a decrease of (-841) reported incidents of Theft Under \$5,000 for a (-30.7%) decrease. There is (-239) fewer reported incidents of Mischief / Wilful Damage for a (-22.3%) decrease.

Thefts of Auto rates have decreased by (-295) incidents for an overall decrease of (-45.5%) in our year-to-date statistics. The Regina Police Service in conjunction with its partners in the Stolen Auto Strategy continues to pay constant attention to this issue.

Crimes Against the Person reflect a year-to-date decrease of (-89) incidents over May 2019 for a (-7.3%) decrease. There were 13 reported Robberies in May for a year-to-date decrease of (-39) incidents or a decrease of (-30.2%).

Overall the Regina Police Service received (-1,702) fewer reported incidents of Crimes Against the Person and Crimes Against Property combined in 2020 over 2019 for a (-23.9%) decrease.

There were a total of 7,585 dispatched Calls for Service in May for a year-to-date decrease of (-8.0%) and Alarm Calls for Service show a year-to-date decrease of (-15.0%).

RECOMMENDATION IMPLICATIONS

Financial Implications

None with respect to this report.

Environmental Implications

None with respect to this report.

Strategic Implications

None with respect to this report.

Other Implications

None with respect to this report.

COMMUNICATIONS

None with respect to this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Evan J. Bray, Chief of Police

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Regina Police Service

Monthly Statistical Extract

May 2020

	2020	2019		2019	
Offence	May	May	2020 YTD	YTD	% Change
Total Crimes Against the Person ¹	211	261	1126	1215	-7.3
Homicide	1	2	7	4	75.0
Attempt Murder	1	9	9	20	-55.0
Sexual Assaults	10	18	57	83	-31.3
Sexual Crime - Other	4	0	39	18	116.7
Assaults - Level I	80	95	420	475	-11.6
- Level II	51	56	276	258	7.0
- Level III	2	3	21	18	16.7
- Other Assaults	13	6	44	47	-6.4
Robbery	13	30	90	129	-30.2
Kidnapping / Forcible Confinement	2	3	9	14	-35.7
Criminal Harassment / Stalking	0	3	9	7	28.6
Total Above Person Violations	177	225	981	1073	-8.6
Other Crimes Against Person and Prostitution Related Offences					
Commodification of Sexual Activity (1711,1712,1721,1722,1731,1732,1740)	0	6	0	6	-100.0
Providing or Obtaining Sexual Services for Consideration (3140,3141)	0	0	0	1	-100.0
Total Crimes Against Property ¹	820	1398	4296	5909	-27.3
Arson	27	28	71	53	34.0
Total Break and Enter	159	188	655	728	-10.0
- Residence	61	72	275	303	-9.2
- Business	18	21	<i>79</i>	68	16.2
- Other	80	95	301	<i>357</i>	-15.7
Theft of Motor Vehicle	37	103	309	571	-45.9
Attempt Theft of Motor Vehicle	11	28	45	78	-42.3
Total Theft and Attempt Theft of Motor Vehicle	48	131	354	649	-45.5
Theft Over \$5,000	4	7	31	33	-6.1
Theft Under \$5,000	291	659	1899	2740	-30.7
Mischief / Wilful Damage	232	251	835	1074	-22.3
Total Above Property Violations	761	1264	3845	5277	-27.1
Total Crimes (Person and Property)	1031	1659	5422	7124	-23.9
Controlled Drugs and Substances Act	44	29	218	164	32.9
Criminal Code Traffic ²					
Impaired / Exceed	29	24	128	142	-9.9
Dangerous Drive & Other	65	42	246	237	-9.9 3. 8
Traffic Tickets Issued	844	1723	4954	8999	-44.9
ASE Tickets Issued	N/A	1/23 1642	N/A	4987	0.0
MAT LICKETS 199MEM	IV/A	1042	IV/A	4301	0.0
Calls for Service (Comm Centre)	6181	5750	25789	25299	1.9
Alarm Calls for Service	154	195	910	1071	-15.0
Other Calls for Service (Reports taken-no dispatch)	1404	2612	8173	11616	-29.6
Total Calls for Service	7585	8362	33962	36915	-8.0
10101 0010 101 0011100	, 303	5502	33302	30313	3.0

^{**} Calls For Service are the total number of CAD events generated for police response. CFS totals include CAD events with type code 900 to 963 whether they are dispatched or not

^{**} Alarms are all CAD events created for police response to alarms defined by the Regina False Alarm Bylaw. Alarm totals are included in Total Calls for Service

Note 1: Total Crime Against the Person includes categories not listed and counts all the victims of violent violations rather than occurrences

Note 2: Total Crime Against Property includes categories not listed and counts all occurrences of property crime

Note 2: Crime against person is reported by reported date. Crime against property is reported by occurrence date.



Regina Police Service

Traffic

May 2020

	2020	2019	2020	2019	YTD %
Tickets Issued	May	May	YTD	YTD	Change
Traffic Offence Tickets	844	1723	4954	8999	-44.9
Non-traffic Offence Tickets*	20	44	117	226	-48.2
Total Tickets Issued	864	1767	5071	9225	-45.0
Automated Speed Enforcement Tickets					
School Zone Issued	N/A	1226	N/A	3509	0.0
High Speed Zone Issued	N/A	416	N/A	1478	0.0
Total ASE Tickets Issued	0	1642	0	4987	0.0
Cell Phone Charges and Warnings					
Cell Phone Charges (241.1)	20	121	155	<i>756</i>	<i>-79.5</i>
Warning Tickets (for use of cell phone)	0	0	0	0	0.0
Total Warning Tickets	0	12	141	175	-19.4

	2020	2019	2020	2019	YTD %
RID Program	May	May	YTD	YTD	Change
Total RID Phone Calls Received	20	36	128	204	-37.3
RID interception occurrence	4	1	10	13	-23.1
RID Other immediate Contact**	1	9	12	36	-66.7
RID Letters	1	5	11	35	-68.6
Percentage of calls with Interventions	30.0%	41.7%	25.8%	41.2%	
RID dispatches(with/without intercept)	14	29	79	141	-44.0
RID Interception Outcomes***					
RID Impaired Occurrences	4	1	9	6	100.0
RID Other Occurrences	0	1	5	4	25.0
RID Impaired Charges	8	2	16	11	45.5
RID Other Charges	1	2	5	3	66.7
RID Road Side Suspensions	0	0	0	2	0.0
RID Total Charges and Sanctions	9	4	21	16	31.3

^{*}Non-traffic tickets incl. tickets under the Alcohol and Gaming Regulations Act and Municipal Bylaw excluding Municipal Bylaw speeding

^{**}Other contact means the officer has spoken to the driver or owner and the call is unfounded or no related occurrence

^{***}Occurrences are generally an event occurring at the same place and time. Multiple charges can result from a single occurrence



Regina Police Service

May 2020

Prepared June

Offence	Reported	Unfounded	Actual	YTD 2020	YTD 2019	% Change
Robbery Robbery - Pursesnatching	5 0	0 0	5 0	46 3	64 2	-28.1 50.0
Robbery - Commercial	0	0	0	5	15	-66.7
Robbery - Financial Institution	0	0	0	1	0	100.0
Robbery - Delivery Person	0	0	0	1	1	0.0
Robbery - Taxi	0	0	0	2	4	-50.0
Robbery - Street	8	0	8	32	45	-28.9
Total Above Violations	13	0	13	90	131	-31.3

	3	Communications Centre Statistics	Statistics	
		2020 Annual Report		
Month	ADMIN CALLS OFFERED	CALLS FOR SERVICE	911 CALLS OFFERED	ALARMS
January	13407	4847	7061	220
February	11692	4709	6813	185
March	12837	4961	7245	212
April	12053	5091	6705	139
May	13968	6181	7949	154
June				
July				
August				
September				
October				
November				
December				
Total	63957	25789	35773	910
Average	12791	5158	7155	182

Date Run: 2020/06/10 03:36:22 From: 2020/05/01 To: 2020/05/31

Crime Classes	Al Ritchie	Albert Park	Argyle Park	Boothill	Cathedral	Centre Square	Core Group	Coronation Park	Dewdney East	Dieppe	Eastview	Gardiner Park	Gladmer Park	Hillsdale	Lakeview	Market Square	McNab	Mount Royal	Normanview	Normanview West	North Centra	North East	Prairie View	Regent Park	Rosemont	Ross Industrial	Rural	Sherwood E	Twin Lakes	University Park	Unverified Address	Uplands	Walsh Acres	Warehouse	Wascana Park	Whitmore Park	Total
						re		Park	St			ᅔ	ᅔ			re				West	=					rial		Estates		ark	ddress			District	궂	irk	
Arson	2	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	9	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	28
Assault	6	3	5	1	6	2	10	2	8	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	0	2	2	1	30	14	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	11	1	2	3	2	2	136
Attempt Murder	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
B&E (Business)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	20
B&E (Garage)	4	2	0	5	4	0	0	2	4	0	1	2	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	1	13	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48
B&E (Other)	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	22
B&E (Residence)	8	3	0	0	1	3	7	2	1	1	1	2	1	8	2	0	1	1	0	0	17	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	71
Controlled Drugs (A)	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	3	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	3	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	37
Crimes Against Property(2150 -2166)	3	5	1	0	1	2	1	3	2	1	2	5	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	8	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	16	0	2	1	0	0	66
Dangerous Operation	2	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	1	0	4	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	18	2	0	2	1	4	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	52
Deprivation of Freedom	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
Impaired Operation	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	25
Mischief	11	9	2	1	4	12	22	7	19	1	5	14	1	5	7	4	1	2	1	0	53	10	2	1	13	4	0	3	1	0	5	5	3	3	9	2	242
Municipal ByLaws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Offensive Weapons	0	1	0	0	0	1	8	1	4	0	1	4	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	12	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	46
Other Crminal Code Traffic	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	6	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	22

1 / 2 Note: This report includes all violations, not just the Most Serious Violation.

The crime classes are taken from the UCR so the results are contingent on the UCR reports have been completed for the time period specified.

Show Non Reportable Incidents: No

Show Unfounded Incidents: No

Date Run: 2020/06/10 03:36:22 From: 2020/05/01 To: 2020/05/31

Crime Classes	Al Ritchie	Albert Park	Argyle Park	Boothill	Cathedral	Centre Square	Core Group	Coronation Park	Dewdney East	Dieppe	Eastview	Gardiner Park	Gladmer Park	Hillsdale	Lakeview	Market Square	McNab	Mount Royal	Normanview	Normanview West	North Central	North East	Prairie View	Regent Park	Rosemont	Ross Industrial	Rural	Sherwood Estates	Twin Lakes	University Park	Unverified Address	Uplands	Walsh Acres	Warehouse District	Wascana Park	Whitmore Park	Total
Other Federal Statute Violations	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
Other Theft Over	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Other Theft Under	5	8	6	0	10	5	10	3	4	0	4	9	2	1	2	5	0	1	2	2	20	6	2	1	1	4	0	1	1	0	5	2	0	3	4	0	129
OtherCrimina lCode (A)	5	4	0	0	6	3	17	8	2	0	3	0	3	8	5	11	0	3	2	4	31	13	0	6	3	1	0	1	2	0	4	1	3	4	3	1	157
OtherCrimina lCode (B)	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	15
Provincial Statutes	0	2	0	0	7	3	28	3	10	1	2	0	0	0	3	7	0	0	0	1	17	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	1	0	95
Sexual Assault	0	1	3	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	15
Shoplift Under	1	4	1	0	1	3	1	1	6	0	0	10	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	37
Special Inq (8510-8640)	21	17	2	1	10	2	44	15	17	0	6	10	3	28	8	6	3	0	2	2	61	9	11	4	14	3	0	4	9	4	48	1	3	6	0	1	375
Special Inq (8660-8814)	5	11	2	0	7	3	5	5	6	2	6	3	2	4	4	4	0	1	1	2	25	7	0	2	2	5	0	0	1	1	2	1	4	3	1	0	127
Theft From Auto Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Theft From Auto Under	11	9	3	3	7	4	8	5	23	0	5	3	2	3	8	4	0	2	2	1	9	3	5	0	2	6	0	1	3	0	8	0	4	2	0	0	146
Theft of Motor Vehicle VA, VT	4	0	0	2	3	0	1	3	5	1	1	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	8	5	1	1	1	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	51
Violence/Thre at	0	3	1	0	0	0	5	2	3	0	0	4	1	1	2	2	0	1	1	0	9	2	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	49
Total	89	86	27	14	75	51	194	72	121	8	55	76	21	79	52	58	6	14	19	17	362	92	27	26	52	52	3	16	21	8	115	13	41	35	27	10	203 4

2 / 2 Note: This report includes all violations, not just the Most Serious Violation.

The crime classes are taken from the UCR so the results are contingent on the UCR reports have been completed for the time period specified.

Show Non Reportable Incidents: No

Show Unfounded Incidents: No

Date Run: 2020/06/10 03:38:24 From: 2020/01/01 To: 2020/05/31

Crime Classes	Al Ritchie	Albert Park	Argyle Park	Boothill	Cathedral	Centre Square	Core Group	Coronation Park	Dewdney East	Dieppe	Eastview	Gardiner Park	Gladmer Park	Hillsdale	Lakeview	Market Square	McNab	Mount Royal	Normanview	Normanview	North Central	North East	Prairie View	Regent Park	Rosemont	Ross Industrial	Rural	Sherwood Es	Twin Lakes	University Park	Unverified Address	Uplands	Walsh Acres	Warehouse District	Wascana Park	Whitmore Park	Total
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Arson	4	0	0	1	2	0	6	2	3	0	2	0	1	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	32	1	0	2	4	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	72
Assault	31	27	13	4	31	11	66	21	34	4	17	15	11	10	13	28	5	7	8	6	185	38	5	12	16	7	0	4	3	3	27	8	11	9	6	3	699
Attempt Murder	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
B&E (Business)	1	1	2	0	1	3	2	0	2	0	7	3	0	1	0	7	1	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	1	27	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	8	1	0	80
B&E (Garage)	14	11	0	7	15	0	9	10	10	0	1	2	2	8	10	0	1	1	0	4	37	6	1	2	10	0	2	1	2	0	1	4	0	0	0	1	172
B&E (Other)	4	3	1	0	2	5	4	2	2	0	5	3	0	2	0	7	2	0	4	0	9	4	1	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	17	2	0	104
B&E (Residence)	39	10	1	5	6	12	31	10	9	2	1	7	3	13	5	1	4	3	2	2	103	18	5	5	5	1	0	2	1	3	2	2	4	1	1	2	321
Controlled Drugs (A)	10	8	0	1	7	7	27	5	9	0	6	10	3	1	3	4	0	4	2	0	45	12	1	7	2	1	0	4	0	0	7	1	5	8	2	0	202
Controlled Drugs (B)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Crimes Against Property(2150 -2166)	21	37	5	3	14	9	19	12	24	1	12	33	3	12	8	22	5	4	7	4	39	13	5	2	7	9	0	6	6	4	83	2	9	11	4	0	455
Dangerous Operation	2	5	3	0	9	1	11	7	8	1	6	4	2	3	1	2	2	4	0	4	48	6	0	4	7	8	0	1	2	1	3	0	3	3	1	2	164
Deprivation of Freedom	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	10
Impaired Operation	4	5	2	0	5	2	7	10	8	1	5	1	1	4	2	5	2	0	3	3	11	7	1	2	2	3	0	1	1	1	1	2	4	5	1	0	112
Mischief	47	40	11	14	38	41	98	27	55	5	13	31	9	20	20	34	6	7	9	3	145	26	8	3	37	20	0	7	12	6	23	8	15	24	18	5	885
Municipal ByLaws	2	3	1	1	1	0	1	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	1	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	31
Offensive Weapons	4	6	0	0	5	5	23	5	11	0	3	11	5	3	4	8	1	0	1	1	59	5	2	4	2	1	0	1	2	0	6	1	3	7	2	0	191

1 / 3 Note: This report includes all violations, not just the Most Serious Violation.

The crime classes are taken from the UCR so the results are contingent on the UCR reports have been completed for the time period specified.

Show Non Reportable Incidents: No

Show Unfounded Incidents: No

Date Run: 2020/06/10 03:38:24 From: 2020/01/01 To: 2020/05/31

Crime Classes	Al Ritchie	Albert Park	Argyle Park	Boothill	Cathedral	Centre Square	Core Group	Coronation Park	Dewdney East	Dieppe	Eastview	Gardiner Park	Gladmer Park	Hillsdale	Lakeview	Market Square	McNab	Mount Royal	Normanview	Normanview West	North Central	North East	Prairie View	Regent Park	Rosemont	Ross Industrial	Rural	Sherwood Estates	Twin Lakes	University Park	Unverified Address	Uplands	Walsh Acres	Warehouse District	Wascana Park	Whitmore Park	Total
Other Crminal Code Traffic	3	8	0	0	10	2	6	5	12	0	5	3	2	0	2	4	0	0	1	4	21	5	1	0	3	5	0	1	2	1	3	1	2	1	0	1	114
Other Federal Statute Violations	3	3	1	1	5	0	8	2	1	0	3	1	0	3	1	22	1	0	1	0	12	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	76
Other Theft Over	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	16
Other Theft Under	32	43	14	1	46	14	73	24	22	3	15	35	16	14	10	28	8	3	8	8	119	23	6	4	16	18	0	3	9	1	25	5	7	14	10	1	678
OtherCrimina lCode (A)	31	19	6	3	23	19	145	30	28	3	14	17	9	21	18	845	7	18	10	5	195	50	1	16	22	6	0	1	7	3	13	7	11	12	5	2	162 2
OtherCrimina lCode (B)	3	2	0	0	0	4	10	1	2	0	3	0	2	1	1	5	1	0	0	0	12	3	1	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	9	0	1	2	0	0	67
Provincial Statutes	26	26	3	0	29	21	173	17	31	2	11	10	2	8	13	93	9	6	5	8	97	18	2	3	14	2	0	4	3	5	20	7	10	6	7	1	692
Sexual Assault	2	4	3	0	3	2	7	3	5	3	1	2	1	2	0	2	2	0	0	2	15	3	0	1	2	0	0	0	6	1	9	0	4	0	3	1	89
Shoplift Over	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Shoplift Under	9	131	20	0	21	9	6	19	40	0	0	195	4	1	0	29	0	0	0	4	26	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	1	0	56	26	0	0	618
Special Inq (8510-8640)	225	194	63	28	138	92	602	202	247	13	105	132	97	126	87	105	66	35	40	42	908	204	68	72	161	31	1	63	58	30	413	49	82	35	23	24	486 1
Special Inq (8660-8814)	32	47	10	2	40	18	35	39	45	5	31	24	4	24	15	30	8	7	7	17	124	43	5	18	29	19	1	7	10	9	26	6	21	22	13	6	799
Theft From Auto Over	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	9
Theft From Auto Under	36	45	11	12	29	27	47	23	56	1	16	27	5	13	19	31	7	7	17	11	58	20	9	1	12	15	0	8	9	10	69	3	14	17	5	0	690
Theft of Motor Vehicle VA, VT	19	15	7	4	18	2	16	24	26	4	12	8	1	7	4	10	1	7	2	2	53	23	6	5	7	14	0	8	6	7	9	5	10	7	1	1	351

2 / 3 Note: This report includes all violations, not just the Most Serious Violation.

The crime classes are taken from the UCR so the results are contingent on the UCR reports have been completed for the time period specified.

Show Non Reportable Incidents: No

Show Unfounded Incidents: No

Date Run: 2020/06/10 03:38:24 From: 2020/01/01 To: 2020/05/31

Crime Classes	Al Ritchie	Albert Park	Argyle Park	Boothill	Cathedral	Centre Square	Core Group	Coronation Park	Dewdney East	Dieppe	Eastview	Gardiner Park	Gladmer Park	Hillsdale	Lakeview	Market Square	McNab	Mount Royal	Normanview	Normanview West	North Central	North East	Prairie View	Regent Park	Rosemont	Ross Industrial	Rural	Sherwood Estates	Twin Lakes	University Park	Unverified Address	Uplands	Walsh Acres	Warehouse District	Wascana Park	Whitmore Park	Total
Theft of Other Vehicle VM, VO	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6
Violation Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Violence/Thre at	2	10	5	2	9	1	19	7	10	2	2	9	2	5	7	9	5	2	2	2	58	11	1	4	13	2	0	6	4	3	12	0	9	1	4	0	240
Total	607	707	184	89	512	308	145 7	509	705	51	298	587	187	305	247	133 4	146	116	130	135	243 1	553	131	168	375	222	7	130	156	89	773	112	288	238	109	50	144 46

3 / 3 Note: This report includes all violations, not just the Most Serious Violation.

The crime classes are taken from the UCR so the results are contingent on the UCR reports have been completed for the time period specified.

Show Non Reportable Incidents: No

Show Unfounded Incidents: No

June 25, 2020

To: Members

Board of Police Commissioners

Re: Use of Force Year-End 2019

RECOMMENDATION

That this report be received and filed.

CONCLUSION

The Regina Police Administration provides information to the Board of Police Commissioners and the Public regarding the results of annual internal reviews within the Police Service through presentations at Board meetings.

In 2019 the reported uses of force in total were lower than in 2018 by -8.91% (276 reported incidents vs. 303 reported incidents in 2018).

BACKGROUND

The Saskatchewan Police Commission mandates all municipal Police Services to report the use of force statistics on a quarterly and yearly basis. This report provides information on situations where force was required by members of the Regina Police Service for the reporting period of January 1 – December 31, 2019. The variations in our uses of force appear to have a relationship to the changing nature of crime, drugs and firearms in the community. The Regina Police Service is committed to ensuring that all reported applications of force are reviewed for compliance and adherence to federal laws, provincial standards and internal policies.

DISCUSSION

The Use of Force model is a graphic representation of the various elements involved in an officer's assessment and decision to use force on a subject. The model is a tool to facilitate understanding and articulation of Use of Force, which is governed by sections 25, 26 and 27 of the *Criminal Code*.

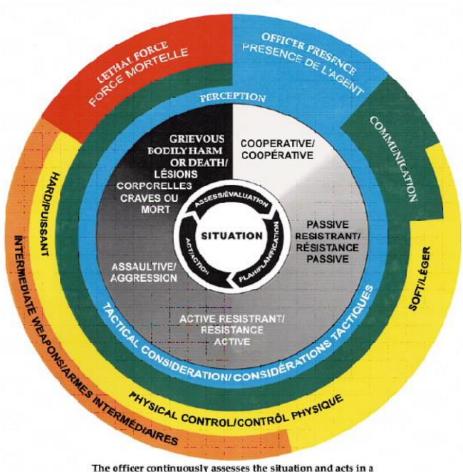
The National Use of Force Framework was developed in 1999-2000 by a group of 64 of Canada's top use of force educators in partnership with the Canadian Police College and Ontario Police College.

All municipal police agencies in the Province of Saskatchewan follow the National Use of Force Framework. The Saskatchewan Police Commission guides Use of Force training, recertification and equipment for municipal police agencies.

Police officers are introduced to the National Use of Force Framework as recruits at the Saskatchewan Police College through lectures and practical exercises. The Saskatchewan Police College Recruit Training Course is a 20-week course where recruits receive training in the use of defense and control tactics (80 hours), firearms, conductive electrical weapon (CEW), baton, rapid deployment, public officer safety training (POST) and de-escalation techniques. After graduation the individual municipal police agencies are responsible for recertifying their members on the various Use of Force options.

Assessment of a subject's behaviour will influence an officer's decision to use force, which includes (but is not limited to) the environment, number of subjects, perceived abilities of the subject, knowledge of the subject, time and distance and potential attack signs displayed by the subject. The model includes all Use of Force options available to the officer including: Officer Presence, Communication (which includes de-escalation), Physical Control, Intermediate Weapons, and Lethal Force.

National Use of Force Framework Le cadre national de l'emploi de la force



The officer continuously assesses the situation and acts in a reasonable manner to ensure officer and public safety.

L'agent doit continuellement évaluer la situation et agir de manière taisonnable afin d'assurer sa propre sécurité et celle du public. The Use of Force Review Board, comprised of seven members of the Regina Police Service and one Regina Police Association observer, is mandated to review all reported incidents where members of the Regina Police Service used force. The Committee includes a Constable, Sergeant and two Staff Sergeants from the Community Services Division, one Sergeant from the Support Services Division and a Staff Sergeant from the Investigative Support Division. The Use of Force Board members have a level of expertise in a variety of these force option fields. The board meets monthly and at the conclusion of each session, the committee classifies each use of force into one of the following categories:

Level I: Use of Force appropriate and compliant with policy

Level II: Use of Force appropriate but less than fully compliant with policy

(coaching / training provided)

Level III: Use of Force inappropriate but no criminal charges laid (remedial /

disciplinary action undertaken)

Level IV: Use of Force inappropriate and criminal charges laid

For each event containing uses of force, an investigative package is prepared by the involved member's supervisor and forwarded to the Use of Force Board for review. This package may include occurrence reports, memorandums from all involved members, internal forms, print-outs and video. The Board reviews each package to determine which category each use of force falls into.

The Use of Force Board examines each Use of Force package as one event but breaks down each specific use of force option within that event. For example, a pursuit may involve a Tire Deflation Device, followed by the use of a CEW (Taser) and Takedown in arrest of the subjects. Therefore; one (1) event but three (3) uses of force.

The use of the Restraint Chair is also classified and recorded as a use of force. The restraint chair is housed in our Detention area and was used 18 times in 2019. In 2019 the Detention area had a total prisoner count of 8,261 people. Over 75% of the subjects placed in the restraint chair were placed there due to the threat of or overt act of self-harm while they were in custody.

In 2018, there were 180 Use of Force events and 29 Restraint Chair incidents reported which resulted in 303 separate Uses of Force. In 2019, there were 183 Use of Force events and 18 Restraint Chair uses reported which resulted in 276 separate Uses of Force.

Types and Frequency of Force Used – 5 year Comparison

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Average
Neck Restraint	0	1	1	2	1	1
Soft physical control (takedown w/ injury)	38	36	52	45	33	40.8
Hard physical control (strikes)	53	51	44	50	61	51.8
- Physical (Strike) causing injury*	0	33	22	27	38	30.0
- Physical (Strike) not causing injury*	0	18	22	23	23	21.5
Joint lock causing injury	0	1	2	0	5	1.6
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Average
Joint Strike	0	0	0	2	0	0.4
Pressure Point Stun Causing Injury	0	2	0	0	0	0.4
Aerosol spray / OC spray	2	3	7	5	6	4.6
Asp baton	1	4	6	1	2	2.8
Less lethal device	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conducted Energy Weapon	20	13	18	13	13	15.4
Point Conducted Energy Weapon	13	7	10	4	6	8
Point firearm	12	12	13	14	17	13.6
Discharge firearm with no injury	2	1	2	1	0	1.2
Discharge firearm with injury	0	0	0	0	1	0.2
Discharge firearm to destroy animal	2	0	0	2	1	1
Canine Deployment with no injury	0	12	6	4	1	4.6
Canine Deployment with injury	37	30	23	22	26	27.6
Tactical Team	20	22	31	19	24	23.2
Pursuit tactics	1	27	20	48	27	24.6
Vehicle immobilization tactics (incl. Tire Deflation)	4	2	25	41	34	21.2
Body cuff	0	0	2	0	0	0.4
Restraint chair	41	31	35	29	18	31
Other	0	1	1	1	5	1.6

Tactical communication (or de-escalation training) is included in our annual Defensive Tactics and Conducted Energy Weapon (CEW) recertification sessions. This sworn police officer training includes practical application of de-escalation tactics, particularly during the CEW scenario training. Further, all Regina Police recruits in training at the Saskatchewan Police College are provided a tactical communication course prior to graduation.

Currently there is no manner in which to track the success of de-escalation training as the uses of force are fluid in each incident and would be difficult to determine if it was officer presence, communication, or the presence of an intermediate weapon which resulted in compliance.

The Regina Police Service will continue to evolve our processes and training with best practices and reflecting changes in laws and oversight.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLICATIONS

Financial Implications

None with respect to this report.

Environmental Implications

None with respect to this report.

Strategic Implications

None with respect to this report.

Other Implications

None with respect to this report

Communications

None with respect to this report

Respectfully submitted,

Evan Bray,

Chief of Police

June 25, 2020

To: Members

Board of Police Commissioners

Re: 2019 Community Perception Survey Results

RECOMMENDATION

That this report be received and filed.

CONCLUSION

The Regina Police Service (RPS) conducted its biennial Community Perceptions Survey from September 4, 2019 to October 3, 2019. This is the fifth community survey conducted on behalf of the Regina Police Service. The survey was administered by telephone to the Regina residents attaining 455 responses.¹ The survey was conducted by the University of Regina (see Appendix A).²

The results suggest that the majority of Regina residents feel positively about the quality of service and are satisfied with the level of service provided by the RPS, agree that the RPS is an organization with integrity and honesty that demonstrates professionalism, and would have confidence if calling 9-1-1 in emergency situations. For the most part, average response scores were relatively stable and the overall satisfaction with the Regina Police Service has been steadily increasing since 2005. Generally, levels of support for the police in Regina have plateaued since 2013, but positive perceptions in the Central district have increased year over year.

One of the goals of the 2019 survey was to ensure a representative sample of Indigenous respondents. Indigenous respondents accounted for 10.4% of total respondents which is similar to the 10.5% of respondents in 2017. This is higher than expected since Statistics Canada reported that 9.4% of the total population in Regina identified as Indigenous in 2019.

BACKGROUND

Until 2009, the Regina Police Service took part in the City of Regina's Omnibus Survey to attain community feedback. The Regina Police Service began conducting its own biennial Community Perceptions Survey in 2011 and has since been conducted in 2013, 2015, 2017 and now 2019. Conducting the survey on a regular basis is an effective way to determine if community perceptions have changed over time.

¹ A total of 13,319 numbers were called and 5,382 telephone contacts were made.

² The actual administration of the telephone survey was carried out by Prairie Research Associates.

The University of Regina has been contracted to administer each biennial survey, analyze the data, and provide a report summarizing the results. This arrangement ensures objectivity in terms of analysis and the interpretation of results. Furthermore, the Regina Police Service benefits from the experience and expertise of Dr. Nick Jones and Dr. Rick Ruddell. The full report will be released publicly on June 25, 2020 and will be posted on the Regina Police Service website.

DISCUSSION

The Community Perceptions Survey was conducted from September 4 to October 3, 2019. There were 455 responses from Regina residents. Topic areas in the survey include:

- · visibility and presence,
- trust / confidence in the RPS,
- contact with the RPS (responsiveness),
- crime and fear of crime,
- quality of service,
- · public information and social media, and
- demographic information.

Below are highlights from these topic areas. Further detail is available in the full report.

Visibility and Presence

- 65.4% agreed that RPS personnel are a visible presence in their community.
 - o 16.3% disagreed while 18.4% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- 17.1% felt that police visibility in their neighbourhood increased over the past year.
 - o 5.1% felt it decreased while 77.8% felt it stayed the same.
- Unlike survey results in years past, respondents in all three districts reported very little difference in police visibility and presence. In the past, Central district often differed stating that there was less visibility than the other two districts of North and South.

Trust / Confidence in the RPS

- 78.3% agreed the RPS demonstrates professionalism in its work.
 - o 6.2% disagreed while 15.5% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- 79.9% agreed the RPS is an organization with integrity and honesty.
 - o 7.7% disagreed while 12.5% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- 78.6% agreed the RPS is sensitive to the needs of MY ethnic group.
 - 8.6% disagreed while 12.8% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- 92.3% agreed they would have confidence in calling 9-1-1 in an emergency situation requiring police presence.
 - 3.3% disagreed while 4.4% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- 73.4% agreed that RPS officers understand the issues that affect the community.
 - o 7.9% disagreed while 18.7% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- The level of agreement with each statement in this section has shown only minor changes since 2011.
- The results also showed that levels of trust and confidence in the Central district have been increasing since 2011.

• Respondents who identified as Indigenous reported a lower average agreement with levels of trust and confidence (18.8%) compared to visible minorities (21.1%) and white respondents (21.6%).

Contact with the RPS (Responsiveness)

- 44.9% of respondents had some form of contact with the RPS in the past year.
 - Just over half of respondents (54.1%) had contact with the RPS to report a crime, called 9-1-1, or were a witness.
- 76.0% indicated either a 4 or a 5 on a 5-point scale in which 5 represents being very satisfied with the service received on their last contact with police.
 - 13.2% indicated either a 1 or a 2 in which 1 represents being very unsatisfied while 10.8% indicated a 3, or neutral response.
 - The average level of satisfaction with service received in 2019 was lower than 2017 and 2015 but higher than 2006 through 2013.

Crime and Fear of Crime

- 39.9% indicated either a 4 or a 5 on a 5-point scale in which 5 represents considering Regina to be very safe.
 - 18.7% indicated either a 1 or a 2 in which 1 represents being very unsafe while 41.3% indicated a 3, or neutral response.
 - The average rating in 2019 was lower than in the 2011, 2013, 2015 and 2017 RPS surveys, though still consistent with the average over the last eight vears.
- 43.8% feel that crime in their neighbourhood increased over the past two years.
 - 5.5% felt it decreased while 50.7% felt it stayed the same.
- 87.1% felt somewhat or very safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark.
 - 5.7% felt very unsafe while 7.2% do not walk alone.
 - Like in previous surveys, females were less likely to feel safe walking alone after dark and were also less likely to walk alone.
- 56.5% disagreed that the possibility of crime keeps them from doing things they would like to do.
 - 25.7% agreed and 17.8% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- Regarding vandalism, graffiti and other deliberate damage to property or vehicles in their neighbourhood, 11.2% felt it was a very big problem, 70.2% felt it was a fairly big problem, 18.7% felt it was not a problem at all.
 - Respondents in the Central district were more likely to see these indicators of neighbourhood disorder as being a problem and the difference between the Central district compared to the North and South was significant.
- 53.2% of those who were the victim of a crime in Regina in the past two years reported every instance to police.
 - 31.8% never reported instances to police while 15.0% sometimes reported them.
 - The most common reasons given for not reporting to police were:
 - I did not consider it important (34.5%),
 - minor value (21.1%), and
 - lack of confidence in police or justice system (14.1%).

- 64.8% of those who did report their victimization in the previous two years to the
 police indicated a 4 or 5 on a 5-point scale in which 5 represents excellent level of
 satisfaction with the police response.
 - 20.2 % indicated a 1 or 2 in which 1 represents poor while 15.0% indicated a 3, or neutral response.

Quality of Service

- 79.4% indicated either a 4 or a 5 on a 5-point scale in which 5 represents excellent quality of service provided by the RPS.
 - 5.3% indicated either a 1 or a 2 in which 1 represents poor quality of service while 15.3% indicated a 3, or neutral response.
 - Residents in the North and South districts were more likely to give a higher rating than in the Central district but the differences were small and insignificant.
- Respondents were asked to list the top three areas where the RPS could improve service delivery. After "I don't know / Not applicable" the top three answers given were:
 - o more police visibility, police presence, more officers / patrol,
 - o more patrols in high crime areas, and
 - o focus on gangs, drugs, and alcohol.
- 70.4% felt the RPS does a good job enforcing the laws.
 - 25.2 % felt the RPS does an average job and 4.3% felt the RPS does a poor job.
- 62.4% felt the RPS does a good job promptly responding to calls.
 - 32.9% felt the RPS does an average job and 4.6% felt the RPS does a poor job.
- 75.3% felt the RPS does a good job being approachable and easy to talk to.
 - 19.7% felt the RPS does an average job and 5.0 % felt the RPS does a poor job.
- 53.5% felt the RPS does a good job supplying information to the public on ways to reduce crime.
 - 38.3% felt the RPS does an average job and 8.5% felt the RPS does a poor job.
- 59.1% felt the RPS does a good job ensuring the safety of citizens in their area.
 - 34.6% felt the RPS does an average job and 6.3% felt the RPS does a poor job.
- 58.5% felt the RPS does a good job treating people fairly.
 - 32.9% felt the RPS does an average job and 8.6% felt the RPS does a poor job.
- 58.0% felt the RPS does a good job co-operating with the public to address concerns.
 - 34.8% felt the RPS does an average job and 7.2% felt the RPS does a poor job.
- 77.4% indicated a 4 or 5 on a 5-point scale in which 5 represents very satisfied with the service provided by the RPS.
 - 4.9% indicated a 1 or 2 in which 1 represents very unsatisfied while 17.7% indicated a 3, or neutral response.

- 79.9% of those who had called the RPS or 9-1-1 in the past two years agreed that they were given sufficient information to deal with their situation.
 - o 7.3% disagreed and 12.8% neither agreed nor disagreed.
 - The level of agreement with this statement was the highest ever recorded.
- 88.9% indicated a 4 or 5 on a 5-point scale in which 5 represents an excellent rating for how well the RPS handles major community events.
 - 2.7% indicated a 1 or 2 in which 1 represents a poor rating while 8.4% indicated a 3, or neutral rating.
- There are demographic characteristics that correlate with lower levels of overall perceptions of satisfaction and quality of the RPS, though the differences tend to be relatively minor. Indigenous respondents tended to rate quality of service and perceptions of satisfaction lower than their non-Indigenous respondents. Visible minority respondents rated satisfaction and quality higher than their other minority respondents.

Public Information and Social Media

- 71.3% agreed that the RPS provides residents with adequate public safety information.
 - o 6.1% disagreed and 22.6% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- 33.0% have visited the RPS website, 30.6% have visited the Facebook page, and 12.7% have visited the Twitter account.
 - o There are 67,515 Twitter and 40,529 Facebook followers as of January 2020.
 - The overall proportion of respondents accessing the RPS website, Facebook or Twitter feeds has tripled between 2011 and 2019 from 14.7% to 50.4%.
- 71.1% of those who have used RPS social media agreed that these computer-based methods of receiving information are useful to them.
 - o 10.5% disagreed and 18.3% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- 48.2% of those who <u>have not</u> used RPS social media agreed that these computerbased methods of receiving information may be useful to them in the future.
 - o 27.7% disagreed and 24.1% neither agreed nor disagreed.
- Those who are aged 18-34 were more likely to have accessed the RPS Facebook page rather than the website or Twitter account whereas those aged 35 and above were more likely to access the RPS website.

RECOMMENDATION IMPLICATIONS

Financial Implications

The financial costs associated to this initiative have been paid from within the 2019 Regina Police Service operational budget.

Environmental Implications

None with respect to this report.

Strategic Implications

The Regina Police Service Strategic Plan, 2019-2022 includes a Community Objective. Within that objective is the goal to, "Enhance community safety through effective policing." The Community Perception Survey of 2019 supports this objective.

Other Implications

None with respect to this report.

COMMUNICATIONS

The survey will be released to the public on June 25, 2020, and will be posted on the Regina Police Service website.

Respectfully submitted,

Evan J. Bray, Chief of Police

Appendix A

REGINA POLICE SERVICE COMMUNITY SURVEY, 2019 June 25th, 2020

Rick Ruddell Ph.D. University of Regina

Nick Jones Ph.D.
University of Regina

Overview

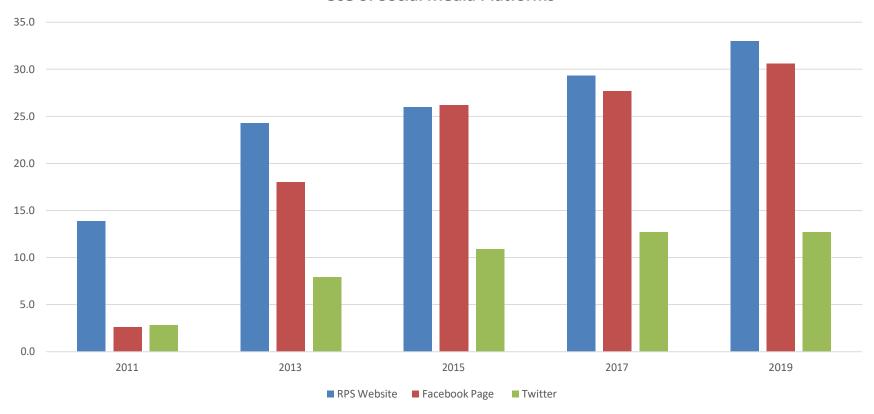
- The 2019 RPS Community Survey examined the same factors as the 2011, 2013, 2015, and 2017 Surveys:
 - Public Information and Social Media
 - Police Visibility and Presence
 - Perceptions of Trust/Confidence
 - Perceptions of Contact (Responsiveness)
 - Perceptions of Fear of Crime
 - Perceptions of the RPS Quality of Service

Demographic Characteristics

- City divided into 3 patrol areas (North, Central, and South)
- Age and gender distributions of the sample varied somewhat from the 2016 census results (Higher proportions of older and female residents).
 - These groups tend to be more supportive of the police.
 - Weighting Variable was provided.
- The percentage of persons self-identifying as Indigenous was slightly higher in the 2019 sample compared to 2019 Statistics Canada estimates (2019 RPS sample = 10.4% / 2019 Statistics Canada estimate = 9.4%).

Public Information and Social Media

Use of Social Media Platforms

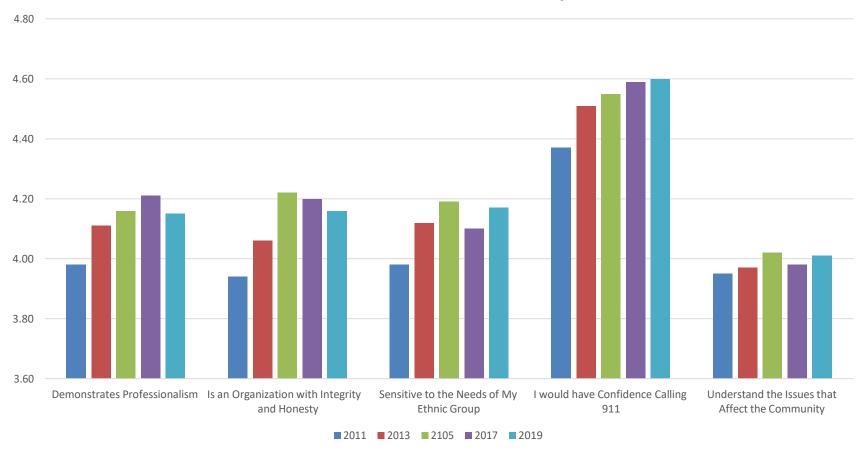


Perceptions of Police Visibility and Presence

- Almost two-thirds (65%) of respondents said that the RPS had a visible presence in their community (Average = 3.81).
- Residents in the Central patrol district reported a greater visibility of the police and that the police presence had increased than in the previous survey.
- Since 2005, the proportion of respondents who believed that the police presence was decreasing in their neighbourhood had dropped from 10.7% to 5.9%.

Trust and Confidence in the RPS 2011 - 2019

Results over 5 waves of the survey



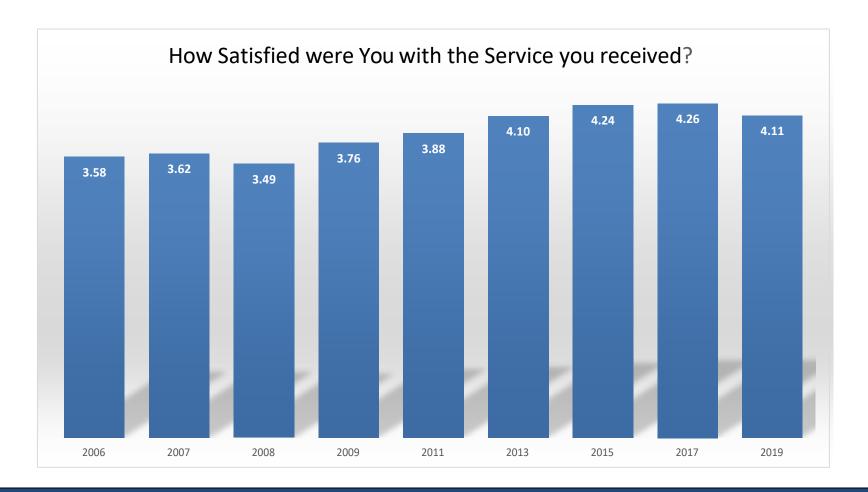
Trust and Confidence: Difference between Demographic Categories

Ethnicity	Indigenous*	18.8
	Visible Minority	21.1
	White	21.6
	Rated Regina very	
Feelings of Safety	unsafe*	16.4
	Rated Regina very Safe	22.2
Crime in Neighbourhood	Increasing*	20.6
	Stayed the Same	21.6
	Decreasing	21.9
Contact with RPS in the		
previous Year	Yes*	20.8
	No	21.6

Participant Contact with RPS

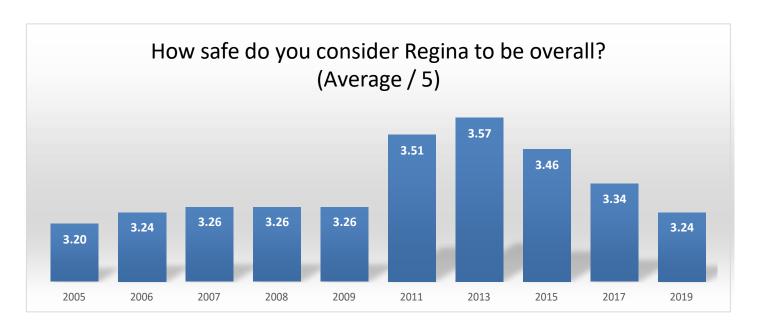
- 204 Participants (44.9%) had contact with RPS
- Just over half of all respondents (54.1%) reported a crime, called 911, or were a witness.
- With regard to demographic characteristics, analyses reveal that the only statistically significant variable related to having had contact was age, with younger respondents (18 – 34) having greater contact.

RPS Responsiveness



Perceptions of Safety

 The 2019 average (3.24/5) shows a decreasing perception of safety since 2011, but similar to that between 2005 and 2009.





Perceptions of Safety

- Two thirds (65.9%) of residents feel somewhat, reasonably, or very safe, walking alone after dark in their neighbourhood.
- Residents from the Central Patrol District reported higher concerns with regard to social disorder in their neighbourhood.
- Perceptions regarding crime preventing one from doing things are fairly consistent over the previous 4 survey cycles with a drop in 2019.

Victimization

- 173 (38.4%) of respondents reported being a victim of crime
- Top three reasons for not reporting (46.8% of those victimized did not report the crime)
 - Didn't consider it important (34.5%), Minor value (21.1%), Lack of Confidence in the Police/CJS (14.1%),
 - Victims reported a very favourable perception of police response (Mean = 3.73)
- Unlike other Canadian studies, crime victims in Regina did have lower levels of trust and confidence in their police service.

Perceptions of Quality of Service

- Four-fifths (79.4%) of respondents reported that the overall quality of service was 4 or 5 (5 = "Excellent") on a five-point scale (Mean 4.00).
- In the 2019 survey, only 2.3% of the respondents rated the overall quality of RPS service as "poor."
- There were no statistically significant differences reported with regard to demographic variables (e.g., Gender, ethnocultural status, or age).
- Results from the three patrol zones were compared and revealed no statistically significant differences.

Improving RPS Service Delivery

- Respondents indicated that the RPS could improve service delivery by: Top 5 answers
 - More police visibility, police presence, more officers/patrols;
 - More attention to high crime areas;
 - Focus on gangs, drugs, and alcohol;
 - Focus on property crimes/petty crimes; and
 - Enforcement of laws, traffic violations, and check stops (impaired driving).

Do you think RPS does a ...

- Seven Questions (e.g., enforcing laws, and promptly responding to calls) "poor job", "average job", and "good job."
- When these values were summed (for the six questions that had five observations), the average proportion of respondents who report the RPS did a "poor job" decreased from 8.8% per item in 2011 to 6.2% per item in 2019, which is a 29.5% reduction.

Satisfaction with the RPS

- The 2019 results (Mean 4.00) demonstrates a stable result over the 5 cycles of the survey.
- Four fifths (79.9%) of respondents strongly agreed or somewhat agreed (Mean 4.28) that they were given sufficient information to deal with their situations.
- 88.9% of respondents rated the handling of major events favourably (Mean = 4.35) which is consistent with 2017.
- No significant difference noted between patrol districts or any demographic variables on either overall quality of service or satisfaction with service.

Summary

- The findings of the 2019 Community Survey include:
 - Four-fifths of respondents somewhat or strongly agree that the RPS was an organization with integrity and honesty, and 78.3% somewhat or strongly agree the RPS demonstrates professionalism in their work.
 - Over three-quarters (78.6%) of respondents somewhat or strongly agree that the RPS is sensitive to the needs of their ethnic group.
 - Seventy-nine percent of the survey respondents ranked the overall quality of service provided by the RPS as very good to excellent.

Summary - Continued

- Over three-quarters (77.4%) of respondents reported being highly or very satisfied with the level of service provided by the RPS.
- Over nine in ten respondents (92.3%) somewhat or strongly agree having confidence in calling 911 in emergency situations.
- Seventy-one percent of respondents agree or strongly agree that the RPS provides adequate public safety information, and the proportion of respondents who report accessing the RPS website, Facebook page or Twitter feed has tripled since 2011.

MOTION

June 25, 2020

Board Secretary
Board of Police Commissioners
Regina, Saskatchewan

Dear Madam:

Re: Public Complaints Commission - Civilian Oversight

WHEREAS some residents of Regina, in particular Black, Indigenous and Racialized people have expressed a lack of confidence in the current system dealing with complaints against Police Officers in the course of police investigations and actions;

WHEREAS residents of Regina have expressed a desire to ensure that civilian oversight take the place of police investigating police;

WHEREAS the Saskatchewan Association of Chiefs of Police has acknowledged that providing more transparent, independent, civilian-led oversight is vital to improving the public's confidence in police services;

WHEREAS the Provincial Government's proposed amendment to *The Police Act*, 1990, *The Police Amendment Act*, 2020, expands the role of the Public Complaints Commission (PCC) but does not make a fundamental shift away from having members of other police services investigating police services when complaints are made;

WHEREAS seven other provinces have replaced the practice of having police officers investigating complaints against other police officers with Independent Serious Incident Response Teams;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that:

- The Regina Board of Police Commissioners request the Minister of Justice/Attorney General and the Government of Saskatchewan to commit to further reform of the PCC by:
 - transitioning to civilian-only oversight,
 - expanding the membership of the PCC to ensure adequate, timely and thorough investigations, and
 - providing the expanded PCC with adequate resources and investigative tools.

- 2. The Regina Board of Police Commissioners request the Minister of Justice/Attorney General to expedite the creation of a civilian-only Independent Serious Incident Response Team to deal with incidents involving injury or death sustained by members of the public who are placed in police custody or subject to police investigation.
- 3. The Board of Police Commissioners provide a report to City Council and members of the public regarding Regina's Police Service's Use of Force guidelines and the concept of Use of Force as described and defined by the Saskatchewan Police Commission.

Respectfully submitted,

Commissioner Jada Yee

Regina Board of Police Commissioners

MOTION

June 25, 2020

Board Secretary Board of Police Commissioners Regina, Saskatchewan

Dear Madam:

Re: Community Policing and Community Safety and Well-being

WHEREAS the Regina Police Service (RPS) works closely with many community organizations to support non-police-led efforts to help the vulnerable in our community;

WHEREAS the RPS often finds itself interacting with Regina residents who are experiencing moments of crisis due to depression, post-traumatic stress, severe addiction, and other health and psychiatric conditions, increasing the risk of harm to self or others; and

WHEREAS Regina residents have made it clear that a greater investment should be made in health, mental health, community support systems and rehabilitation through the justice system.

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that:

- 1. The Regina Board of Police Commissioners provide to City Council and members of the public:
 - information on partnerships, programs and activities of the Regina Police Service related to Community Policing;
 - Regina Police Service non-criminal code calls for service including Police and Crisis (PACT) Team, Community Engagement Unit, Central District Crime Reduction Strategy, Cultural and Community Diversity Unit, Citizens Police Academy and the Regina Intersectoral Partnership (TRIP).
- 2. The report include an analysis of the challenges facing the RPS and community partners' efforts to deal with Community needs.

 The Board of Police Commissioners advocate to the Provincial Government for increased funding to these partnerships and programs to ensure those in crisis in Regina are receiving the proper interventions and support, and to improve the process of integrating response systems to improve community safety and well-being.

Respectfully submitted,

Councillor Barbara Young Regina Board of Police Commissioners Councillor Joel Murray Regina Board of Police Commissioners